# **Technical Data**



# WATKINS-JOHNSON

November 1996

# Digital HF Receiver HF-1000A



The HF-1000A is a fully synthesized, general-purpose HF receiver that monitors RF communications from 5 kHz to 30 MHz with 1-Hz tuning resolution. The HF-1000A achieves high performance at low cost, by combining analog and digital signal processing (DSP).

Functions such as noise blanking, IF filtering, AGC, demodulation, Beat Frequency Oscillation (BFO) and passband tuning are accomplished through the use of DSP techniques. Digital stability and repeatability allow filters with superior amplitude and group delay characteristics. Fifty-eight IF bandwidths (IFBWs) allow an operator to optimize filter bandwidth to the signal environment. Filters range from 56 Hz, to monitor CW with exceptional signal-to-noise ratios, all the way up to 8 kHz to monitor AM signals with good fidelity. Available detection modes are AM, synchronous AM, FM, CW, USB, LSB, and ISB. An operator can adjust tunable BFO in 10-Hz steps over a +8000 Hz range. Passband tuning further enhances the reception of CW signals. An operator can achieve gain control manually or automatically, with variable fast, medium, and slow Automatic Gain Control (AGC) modes. The operator can either adjust the squelch threshold from 0 to -135 dBm or disable it. A noise blanking feature effectively eliminates the adverse effects of impulsive noise. The operator can reject undesired signals within the IF passband with the tunable IF notch filter.

In addition to fixed-frequency tuning, the HF-1000A provides a fast, flexible scanning capability. Three scan modes are available: channel scan, F1-F2 scan and F1-F2 scan with lockouts. For all scan modes, the operator can set the dwell

## **Features**

- □ Frequency coverage from 5 kHz to 30 MHz in 1-Hz steps
- □ High dynamic range: +30 dBm 3rd-order intercept typical
- Digital filtering provides 58 IFBWs from 56 Hz to 8.0 kHz with exceptional shape factors
- AM, Synchronous AM, FM, CW, USB, LSB & ISB detection modes standard
- □ Tunable notch filter
- □ *Fast, flexible scanning with 100 memory channels*
- □ Large readable LED displays & user-friendly controls
- □ Noise blanking & passband tuning
- □ Internal switchable preamplifier & attenuator
- □ Operator-selectable RS-232, RS-485, or RS-422 remote control
- D Built-in self test
- Optional Suboctave Preselector, Digital Data Output & Speech Enhancement Unit
- □ European CE approved for EMC and low voltage safety

HEIGHT5.25 in (13.36 cm)DEPTH20.0 in (50.80 cm)WIDTH19.0 in (48.26 cm)WEIGHT15 lbs (6.78 kg)

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nor does it provide warranty of any kind.

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700 Quince Orchard Road, Gaithersburg, Maryland 20878-1794 Phone: (800) WJHELPS or +(301) 948-7550 FAX: +(301) 921-9479 Email: wj.helps@wj.com Website: www time from 0.5 to 20 seconds or infinite. One hundred programmable memory channels are available in channel scan mode. An operator can specify sectors of memory for individual channel scans, which allows the subdivision of available memory into multiple search scenarios. The operator can skip certain channels without deleting them from memory. He can also manually single-step memory channels. The step size is user-selectable from 1 Hz to 25 kHz in both F1-F2 scan modes. Storage is available for up to 100 independent frequency lockouts.

The HF-1000A provides local operation via the front panel or remote operation via one of two selectable serial interfaces. The microprocessor-controlled front panel provides a user-friendly operator interface with dedicated, logically arranged controls and large, easy-toread LED display.

An operator controls and accesses the majority of the HF-1000A operator-selectable parameters via an RS-232 remote interface. RS-485 and RS-422 are also available. The active interface is selected via an internal switch setting or by front-panel entry.

All receiver inputs and outputs are on the rear panel of the unit with the exception of the front-panel-mounted headphone jack. The antenna and external reference inputs, as well as the signal monitor and predetected IF outputs, are on BNC connectors. Speaker and dualbalanced line audio outputs are on a terminal strip along with dc-coupled audio, RSSI and squelch outputs, and a mute control input. The RS-232 interface is on a 25-pin D-shell connector.

An operator can use the HF-1000A as a tabletop receiver or mounted in a 19-inch (48.26 cm) equipment rack that occupies 5.25 inches (13.34 cm) vertical rack space. The internal power supply accepts 97 to 253 Vac (47 to 63 Hz) line power and automatically adjusts to the input line voltage. Total unit power consumption is less than 35 watts.

The standard HF-1000A is available in a variety of mechanical configurations. Meanwhile, WJ engineers are continuously developing enhancements and options. See the Options table and the WJ-871Y Option Matrix Data Sheet for details.



**HF-1000A Front Panel Features** 

# **Functional Description**

The Functional Block Diagram demonstrates how the HF-1000A is divided into four functional subsystems: RF, DSP, IF/Audio Output and Control. The RF Subsystem Functional Block Diagram provides a functional block diagram of the RF Subsystem. The 5 kHz to 30 MHz RF signal is applied to the receiver's antenna input, lowpass filtered, and then amplified, attenuated, or routed to the normal through-path based on user selection. The signal is then mixed with the first local oscillator (LO), which tunes from 40.455 MHz to 70.455 MHz in 1-kHz steps, to produce a first IF of 40.455 MHz. The first IF filter limits the bandwidths of the signal to approximately 8 kHz before mixing it with the 40-MHz second LO to produce a second IF at 455 kHz. A sample of this second IF is on a rear panel for connection to a signal display unit. After passing through the second IF filter, the signal is mixed with the 430-kHz third LO to produce the third IF centered at 25 kHz.

All LOs are derived from an internal 10-MHz oscillator that is lockable to an external reference input of 1, 2, 5 or 10 MHz. The HF-1000A automatically senses and switches to the external reference upon application of signal. All critical timing signals used in the DSP and IF/Audio Output Subsystems are also derived from this reference.

The DSP Subsystem performs the majority of the signal processing function within the receiver. The third IF signal from the RF Subsystem is digitized to 16-bits of resolution at a sampling rate of 100 kHz. This digitized IF signal is applied to a programmable

DSP chip that performs the following functions based on operator-selected parameters:

- Noise blanking
- Fine tuning to 1-Hz resolution
- IF filtering
- Tunable IF notch filtering
- Gain control (AGC-Fast, -Medium, -Slow, or Manual)
- Signal strength and squelch functions
- Signal demodulation and BFO
- Generation of a multiplexed Digital Data Stream containing 1 or 2 demodulated Audio Channels & a post-filtered IF signal

The IF/Audio Output Subsystem performs the analog reconstruction of the IF and audio signals provided by the DSP Subsystem in digital form. The analog audio signals are routed through two distinct signal paths to accommodate ISB detection mode. In all other detection modes, both paths contain identical audio signals. These two audio paths are processed to provide a two-channel headphone output, two balanced 600-ohm line audio outputs and an 8-ohm speaker output containing one or both audio channels in ISB mode. After analog reconstruction, the IF signal is upconverted to 455 kHz, passed through a bandpass roofing filter to remove mixer products, buffered and routed to the rear panel IF output connector.

The microprocessor-based Control Subsystem performs the receiver's internal control, acts as an interface with the front panel, and provides a remote control function. The Control Subsystem also monitors hardware status within the receiver and, when commanded, performs a built-in test sequence that isolates circuit faults to the module level.

56	113	225	450	900	1800	3600	7200
63	125	250	500	1000	2000	4000	8000
69	138	275	550	1100	2200	4400	
75	150	300	600	1200	2400	4800	
81	163	325	650	1300	2600	5200	
88	175	350	700	1400	2800	5600	
94	188	375	750	1500	3000	6000	
100	200	400	800	1600	3200	6400	

#### IF Filters (Nominal 3-dB Bandwidth in Hz)

The 900 through 4000 Hz bandwidths are available in SSB detection mode See typical plots on page 5 of this data sheet



Functional Block Diagram



RF Subsystem Functional Block Diagram





Typical 300-Hz IF Filter Amplitude Response

Typical SSB IF Filter Group-delay & Passband Ripple



Typical ISB (USB/LSB) IF Filter Amplitude Response

## Specifications

Frequency Bange	
	mance below 500 kHz)
Tuning Resolution	1 Hz
Internal Reference Stability	Better than 1.0 PPM
External Reference Frequency	Accepts 1, 2, 5 or 10 MHz ( <u>+</u> 1 PPM or better, 200 mv rms into high impedance load); automatically switches to external reference upon application of signal
TuningTime	25 msec typical from receipt of terminating character to within 1 kHz (measured at IF out, 6 kHz IFBW selected)
Scan Rate	Memory Channel scan 20 CH/sec
	F1-F2 sweep 50 CH/sec
Antenna Input	
Impedance	50 ohms, nominal
VSWR	2:1, max at receiver's tuned frequency
Maximum Input Signal	+30 dBm
Connector	BNC, female
3rd-Order Intercept Point	+30 dBm, typical
	+ 25 dBm, min (for signals separated by 20 kHz, minimum)
2nd-Order Intercept Point	+60 dBm, typical
Noise Figure	14 dB, max (11 dB, max with preamplifier engaged)
Detection Modes	AM, Synchronous AM, FM, CW, USB, LSB & ISB (Consult factory for additional modes)

## Sensitivity (500 kHz to 30 MHz)

Modulation	IFBW (kHz)	(Minimum) S+N/N (dB)	Without Preamp Min dBm/(mV)
AM (50% mod. at 400 Hz)	6.0	10	-103/(1.58)
USB/LSB/ISB	3.2	10	-112/(0.56)
CW	0.3	16	-116/(0.35)

## CW Sensitivity, 5 to 500 kHz, without Preamp

(0.3-kHz IFBW)	
50 to 500 kHz	113 dBm/0.5 μV typical for 16 dB S+N/N
20 to 50 kHz	105 dBm/1.27 μV typical for 16 dB S+N/N
5 to 20 kHz	78 dBm/28 μV typical for 16 dB S+N/N
IF Output	
Center Frequency	. 455 kHz, nominal
Output Level	20 dBm, nominal
Output Impedance	. 50 ohms, nominal
Connector Type	. BNC, female
Signal Monitor Output	
Center Frequency	. 455 kHz, nominal; inverted; 1-kHz steps
Bandwidth	. 8 kHz (-6dB), nominal
Output Level	. 30 dB above RF input, nominal
Output Impedance	. 50 ohms, nominal
Connector Type	. BNC, female
Gain Control Modes	. Manual, or AGC Fast, Med & Slow
AGC Range	. 100 dB, min
AGC Threshold	. Approximately -112 dBm (0.56 $\mu$ V) in 6-kHz bandwidth
	Approximately -125 dBm (0.12 $\mu$ V) in 300-Hz bandwidth
	(Threshold matched with IFBW, typically 10 dB above

AGC Attack Time	.5 msec, typical
AGC Decay Time	. Fast: 10 to 100 ms, variable
	Med: 100 ms to 1s, variable
	Slow: 1s to 5s, variable
Manual Gain Control Range	>100 dB
Selectable Front-End Gain/Attenuation	
Preamplifier Gain	. 10 dB ( <u>+</u> 2 dB)
Attenuation	. 15 dB ( <u>+</u> 2 dB)
BFO	
Tuning Range	. <u>+</u> 8000 Hz
Tuning Resolution	.10 Hz
First Image Rejection	.90 dB, min
IF Rejection	.85 dB. min (>90 dB. typical)
L O Phase Noise	-110 dBc at 1-kHz offset, typical
Peciprocal Mixing	With a desired signal of $25 \pm V$ in the $2.2 \pm 128$ M the
	desired signal-to-noise ratio (SNR) is >20 dB, when an undesired signal 70-dB higher in amplitude and 35-kHz removed in frequency is present.
Cross Modulation	. With a desired signal of 10 $\mu$ V, an undesired signal 86-dB higher, 30% AM modulated produces <10% cross modulation for frequency separation of >50 kHz in the 1-kHz IF IFBW.
Internal Spurious	.<-114 dBm referred to the RF input
Blocking	An unwanted signal 1 $\mu$ V separated 20 kHz from a desired
	signal of 1 $\mu\text{V}$ does not cause the IF output to fall by more than 3 dB.
Line Audio Outputs	
Number of Outputs	.2 (center-tapped, balanced)
	ISB mode: USB & LSB on separate outputs All other modes: audio signal common to both outputs
Output Level	.0 dBm, nominal into 600-ohm load
	. Screw terminals
Speaker Output	
Number of Outputs	
	ISB mode: USB & LSB selected individually or combined
Devid 199	Internal speaker optional
Bandwidth	. 100 HZ to 13 KHZ Adjustable up to 1 Winte 9 obm land
Total Harmonia Distortion	Adjustable up to 1 w into 8-onm load $(20)$ at 1 W
Connector Type	.<5% dt 1 W Scrowterminals
Headnhone Output	
Number of Output	2 (unbalanced)
	2 (ullbalaticeu) ISB mode: 1 contains IISB (left channel) 1 contains
	ISB (right channel)
	All other modes: audio signal common to both outputs
Output Level	Adjustable up to 10 mW into 600-ohm load
Connector Type	Standard 1/4-in stereo jack
Control	RS-232, RS-485, or RS-422 selectable by internal switch
RS-232 (Remote)	Full-dunlex 3-wire serial interface: rear-nanel 25-nin
	female D-shell connector
RS-485	Half-duplex, 2-wire serial interface
	Rear-panel 25-pin female D-shell connector
RS-422	Full-duplex 4-wire serial interface
	Rear-panel 25-pin female D-shell connector
Baud Rates	75, 150, 300, 600, 1200, 2400, 4800 & 9600;

Operating Temperature	. 0 to +50°C
Storage Temperature	40 to +70°C
Humidity	. 95%, non-condensing
Shock	<ul> <li>Bench handling (field service) 8 drops total onto a horizontal hard wooden surface, operating</li> </ul>
CE Approval - GMC Directive	. 89/336/EEC (19 March 1996)
CE Approval - Low Voltage Directive	. 72/23/EEC (19 March 1996)
MTBF	. >10,000 hours
Power Requirements	. 97 to 253 Vac (47 to 440 Hz)
Power Consumption	. 35 W, typical with options

### **Receiver Connectors**

I/O	Function	Туре	
Input	Antenna External Reference Power Mute	BNC BNC IEC 3-pin Terminal Block	
Output	Signal Monitor IF Line Audio Output A Line Audio Output B Speaker DC-coupled Audio Squelch Headphone Received Signal Strength Indicator	BNC BNC Terminal Block Terminal Block Terminal Block Terminal Block Terminal Block Standard 1/4-in (0.63 cm) stereo jack Terminal Block	
Bi-Directional	RS-232 Remote Interface	25-pin female D-shell	

## Options

Nomenclature	Functions	Physical Characteristics
HF-1000/PRE Suboctave Preselector	<ul> <li>Provides filtering of RF input spectrum to reduce broadband signal energy into the receiver</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Enhances 2nd-order intermodulation performance</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Provides 11 separate filter bands, each covering a segment of the overall tuning range</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Degrades sensitivity/noise figure by 2.5 dB, typical</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Option can be bypassed if preselection is not desired</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Provides automatic receiver-selection of filter band appropriate to tuned frequency</li> </ul>	
HF-1000/DSO1 Digital Signal Output	<ul> <li>Provides digitized time samples of 25-kHz</li> <li>3rd IF, switched IF and/or audio data</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>See WJ-871Y/DS01 Technical Data Sheet for details of output data formats</li> </ul>
HF-1000/SEU Speech Enhancement Unit	<ul> <li>Provides wideband noise reduction &amp; auto- matic notch filtering using adaptive filters</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Digital expansion card installed internally</li> </ul>